## **ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION**

as per ISO 14025 and EN 15804+A1

Owner of the Declaration Windmöller GmbH

Programme holder Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU)

Publisher Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU)

Declaration number EPD-WIN-20220119-CBC1-EN

Issue date 06.05.2022

Polyurethane underlay materials with a total weight of 4 kg/m<sup>2</sup>

# **Windmöller GmbH**



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## **General Information**

## Windmöller GmbH

### Programme holder

IBU – Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. Hegelplatz 1 10117 Berlin Germany

## **Declaration number**

EPD-WIN-20220119-CBC1-EN

# This declaration is based on the product category rules:

Floor coverings, 02.2018 (PCR checked and approved by the SVR)

#### Issue date

06.05.2022

#### Valid to

05.05.2027

Dipl. Ing. Hans Peters

(chairman of Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.)

Dr. Alexander Röder

(Managing Director Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.))

# Polyurethane underlay materials with a total weight of 4 kg/m<sup>2</sup>

#### Owner of the declaration

Windmöller GmbH Nord-West-Ring 21 32832 Augustdorf Germany

## Declared product / declared unit

Polyurethane underlayment mats - 1 m² polyurethane underlayment mats with renewable plant oil

#### Scope

The manufacturer declaration applies to a product with total weight of 4 kg/m<sup>2</sup>.

The product is available as rolls and tiles. It is manufactured at the Windmoller GmbH site in Detmold, Germany.

The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the underlying information and evidence; the IBU shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data and evidences.

The EPD was created according to the specifications of *EN 15804+A1*. In the following, the standard will be simplified as *EN 15804*.

## Verification

The standard *EN 15804* serves as the core PCR Independent verification of the declaration and data according to *ISO 14025:2011* 

internally

x externally

Schindles

Angela Schindler (Independent verifier)

## **Product**

## Product description/Product definition

Underlayment mats based on polyurethane are produced with renewable plant oil and with natural inorganic filler. The mats are offered as rolls or tiles. The declaration applies to a product with a total weight of 4 kg/m². The mats consist of a laminated polyurethane core.

Man Peter

For the placing on the market of the product in the European Union/European Free Trade Association (EU/EFTA) (with the exception of Switzerland) the technical requirements of the underlayment mats are covered by EN 16354:2019-01: Laminate floor coverings - Underlays - Specifications, requirements and test methods.

## **Application**

The products are applied below floor coverings. They can be used in domestic, commercial and industrial areas.

## **Technical Data**

Name	Value	Unit
Product Form	mats	-
Grammage	4000	g/m <sup>2</sup>
Polyurethane layer	3833	g/m²
Lamination	167	g/m²

Performance data of the product can be found on the manufacturer's technical information section (www.windmoeller.de).

### Base materials/Ancillary materials

Name	Value	Unit
Polyurethane including 73 % renewable material	18,4	%
Inorganic Fillers	76,2	%
Organic layers	4,6	%



Additives	0,8	%

This product contains substances listed in the *ECHA* candidate list (19.01.2021) or other carcinogenic, mutagenic or reprotoxic (CMR) substances in categories 1A or 1B which are not on the candidate list exceeding 0.1 percentage by mass: no

#### Reference service life

A calculation of the reference service life according to *ISO 15686* is not possible.

The service life of the underlay mats strongly depends on the correct installation. The service life of the declared underlay mats is mainly dependent on the service life of the covering layer.

A minimum service life of 10 years can be assumed, technical service life can be considerably longer.

## LCA: Calculation rules

#### **Declared Unit**

Name	Value	Unit
Declared unit	1	m <sup>2</sup>
conversion factor [Mass/Declared Unit]	4	-

The declared unit refers to 1 m² produced underlay mat. The output of module A5 'Assembly' is 1 m² installed underlay mat.

#### System boundary

Type of EPD: Cradle-to-gate with options

## System boundaries of modules A, B, C, D:

Modules C3, C4 and D are indicated separately for three end-of-life scenarios:

- 1 landfill disposal
- 2 municipal waste incineration
- 3 recovery in a cement plant

## A1-A3 Production:

Energy supply and production of the basic material, processing of secondary material, auxiliary material, transport of the material to the manufacturing site, emissions, waste-water treatment, packaging material and waste processing up to the landfill disposal of residual waste (except radioactive waste). Benefits for generated electricity and steam due to the incineration of production waste are aggregated.

Biogenic carbon that is stored in renewable material (plant oil, packaging paper) is taken into account as well as the associated carbon dioxide uptake from the air during the growth of the plants

## A4 Transport:

Transport of the packed product from factory gate to the place of installation.

### A5 Installation:

Installation of the floor covering, processing of installation waste and packaging waste up to the landfill disposal of residual waste (except radioactive waste), the production of the amount of underlay mat that occurs as installation waste including its transport to the place of installation.

Generated electricity and steam due to the incineration of waste are listed in the result table as exported energy.

Biogenic carbon that is stored in renewable materials the polyurethane layer and in packaging paper is released as carbon dioxide emissions into the air at the end of life in module A5.

#### B1 - B7:

The modules are not relevant and therefore not declared.

#### C1 De-construction:

The floor covering is de-constructed manually and no additional environmental impact is caused.

#### C2 Transport:

Transport of the underlay mat waste to a landfill, to the municipal waste incineration plant (MWI) or to the waste collection facility for recycling.

## C3 Waste processing:

C3-1: Landfill disposal needs no waste processing.

C3-2: Impact from waste incineration (plant with

R1>0.6), generated electricity and steam are listed in the result table as exported energy.

C3-3: Collection of the underlay mat waste for recovery in the cement industry, waste processing (granulating), transport to the cement plant and emissions from the incineration. The biogenic carbon that is stored in the renewable materials of the floor covering is released into the air as carbon dioxide emissions.

## C4 Disposal

C4-1: Impact from landfill disposal,

C4-2: The underlay mat waste leaves the system in module C3-2,

C4-3: The pre-processed underlay mat waste leaves the system in module C3-3.

## D Recycling potential:

Calculated benefits result from materials exclusive secondary materials (net materials).

D-A5: Benefits for generated energy due to incineration of packaging and installation waste (incineration plant with R1 > 0.6),

D-1: Benefits for generated energy due to landfill disposal of underlay mat waste at the end-of-life,

D-2: Benefits for generated energy due to incineration of underlay mat waste at the end-of-life (incineration plant with R1 > 0.6),

D-3: Benefits for saved fossil energy and saved



inorganic material due to recovery of the underlay mat in a cement plant.

Comparability

Basically, a comparison or an evaluation of EPD data is only possible if all the data sets to be compared were created according to *EN 15804* and the building

context, respectively the product-specific characteristics of performance, are taken into account.

Background data are taken from the *GaBi database* 2021. Remaining data gaps are covered by the ecoinvent 3.7 database

## LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

The following information refer to the declared modules and are the basis for calculations or can be used for further calculations.

the cement clinker and substitutes for original material input.

Transport to the construction site (A4)

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Name	Value	Unit
Litres of fuel (truck, EURO 0-6 mix)	0.0094	l/100km
Transport distance	270	km
Capacity utilisation (including empty runs)	55	%

Installation in the building (A5)

Name	Value	Unit
Material loss	0.36	kg

Polyethylene packaging waste and installation waste are considered to be incinerated in a municipal waste incineration plant. Cardboard is going to be recycled.

## End of Life (C1-C4)

Three different end-of-life scenarios are declared and the results are indicated separately in module C. Each scenario is calculated as a 100 % scenario.

Scenario 1: 100 % landfill disposal

Scenario 2: 100 % municipal waste incineration (MWI)

with R1>0.6

Scenario 3: 100 % recycling in the cement industry

If combinations of these scenarios have to be calculated this should be done according to the following scheme:

EOL-impact = x % impact (Scenario 1)

+ y % impact (Scenario 2)

+ z % impact (Scenario 3)

with x % + y % + z % = 100 %

Name	Value	Unit
Collected as mixed construction waste	1	kg
(scenario 1 and 2)	7	N9
Landfilling (scenario 1)	4	kg
Energy recovery (scenario 2)	4	kg
Collected separately (scenario 3)	4	kg
Energy recovery (scenario 3)	0,941	kg
Recycling (scenario 3)	3.059	kg

# Reuse, recovery and/or recycling potentials (D), relevant scenario information

Recovery or recycling potentials due to the three endof-life scenarios (module C) are indicated separately.

Recycling in the cement industry (scenario 3) VDZ e.V.

The organic material of the underlay mat is used as secondary fuel in a cement kiln. It mainly substitutes for lignite (65.5 %), hard coal (26.2 %) and petrol coke (8.6 %).

The inorganic material is substantially integrated into



## LCA: Results

The LCA results refer to all declared products with a total weight of 4000 g/m<sup>2</sup>. Information on non-relevant modules: Modules B1 - B7 are not relevant during the service life of the underlay mat. Modules C1, C3/1, C4/2 and C4/3 cause no additional impact (see chapter "LCA: Calculation rules" in this document). All these modules are declared and marked as 'modules not relevant/declared'. Module C2 represents the transport for scenarios 1, 2 and 3. Column D represents module D/A5. The calculations are based on the CML characterization factors (version August 2016).

DESCRIPTION OF THE SYSTEM BOUNDARY (X = INCLUDED IN LCA; MND = MODULE NOT DECLARED;

MNK	<u>= MO</u>	DULE	NOT F	KELE/	<u>/ANI)</u>											
PROI	PRODUCT STAGE			RUCTI OCESS AGE		USE STAGE					EN	D OF LI	FE STA		BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARIES	
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from the gate to the site	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse- Recovery- Recycling- potential
A1	A2	А3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	В7	C1	C1 C2 C3 C4			D
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	MND	MND	MNR	MNR	MNR	MND	MND	MND	Х	Х	Х	X

RESULTS C	RESULTS OF THE LCA - ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT according to EN 15804+A1: 1 m² floorcovering											
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C2	C3/2	C3/3	C4/1	D	D/1	D/2	D/3
GWP	[kg CO <sub>2</sub> -Eq.]	8.42E-1	9.03E-2	4.78E-1	1.33E-2	4.10E+0	4.15E+0	1.79E+0	-6.52E-2	0.00E+0	-6.23E-1	-2.41E-1
ODP	[kg CFC11-Eq.]	1.59E-8	1.58E-17	1.43E-9	2.32E-18	1.83E-15	2.54E-15	9.22E-16	-9.56E-16	0.00E+0	-9.05E-15	-1.12E-15
AP	[kg SO <sub>2</sub> -Eq.]	1.86E-2	3.73E-4	1.82E-3	5.49E-5	1.17E-3	1.35E-3	7.05E-4	-7.36E-5	0.00E+0	-6.99E-4	-5.29E-4
EP	[kg (PO <sub>4</sub> ) <sup>3</sup> -Eq.]	1.63E-2	9.51E-5	1.50E-3	1.40E-5	2.73E-4	3.13E-4	7.65E-4	-1.02E-5	0.00E+0	-9.71E-5	-9.45E-5
POCP	[kg ethene-Eq.]	2.89E-4	-1.60E-4	1.68E-5	-2.35E-5	7.96E-5	2.39E-5	6.34E-5	-6.84E-6	0.00E+0	-6.52E-5	-6.99E-5
ADPE	[kg Sb-Eq.]	4.12E-6	8.00E-9	3.88E-7	1.18E-9	1.85E-7	1.95E-7	5.21E-8	-1.19E-8	0.00E+0	-1.13E-7	-2.85E-8
ADPF	[MJ]	4.37E+1	1.23E+0	4.27E+0	1.81E-1	2.28E+0	2.97E+0	4.06E+0	-9.44E-1	0.00E+0	-9.04E+0	-2.47E+1

GWP = Global warming potential; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential of land and water; EP = Eutrophication potential, POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants; ADPE = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources; ADPF = Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources

## RESULTS OF THE LCA - INDICATORS TO DESCRIBE RESOURCE USE according to EN 15804+A1: 1 $\mathsf{m}^2$

11001001												
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C2	C3/2	C3/3	C4/1	D	D/1	D/2	D/3
PERE	[MJ]	2.69E+1	6.87E-2	2.55E+0	1.01E-2	4.43E-1	6.49E-1	3.03E-1	-2.47E-1	0.00E+0	-2.33E+0	-2.57E-1
PERM	[MJ]	7.40E-2	0.00E+0	-7.40E-2	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
PERT	[MJ]	2.70E+1	6.87E-2	2.47E+0	1.01E-2	4.43E-1	6.49E-1	3.03E-1	-2.47E-1	0.00E+0	-2.33E+0	-2.57E-1
PENRE	[MJ]	1.84E+1	1.23E+0	4.65E+0	1.81E-1	2.87E+1	2.96E+1	4.18E+0	-1.14E+0	0.00E+0	-1.09E+1	-2.48E+1
PENRM	[MJ]	2.64E+1	0.00E+0	-2.58E-1	0.00E+0	-2.62E+1	-2.62E+1	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
PENRT	[MJ]	4.49E+1	1.23E+0	4.39E+0	1.81E-1	2.53E+0	3.38E+0	4.18E+0	-1.14E+0	0.00E+0	-1.09E+1	-2.48E+1
SM	[kg]	2.15E-2	0.00E+0	1.94E-3	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	2.67E+0
RSF	[MJ]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
NRSF	[MJ]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
FW	[m³]	2.19E+0	7.87E-5	1.98E-1	1.16E-5	1.33E-2	1.35E-2	3.85E-5	-2.41E-4	0.00E+0	-2.28E-3	-1.95E-3

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-Caption renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Use of net fresh water

## RESULTS OF THE LCA - WASTE CATEGORIES AND OUTPUT FLOWS according to EN 15804+A1: m<sup>2</sup> floorcovering

Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C2	C3/2	C3/3	C4/1	D	D/1	D/2	D/3
HWD	[kg]	2.77E-5	6.22E-11	2.50E-6	9.14E-12	4.19E-10	5.46E-10	7.52E-10	-2.55E-10	0.00E+0	-2.43E-9	-5.22E-10
NHWD	[kg]	9.76E-2	1.83E-4	1.35E-1	2.69E-5	1.41E+0	1.41E+0	3.98E+0	-5.24E-4	0.00E+0	-4.99E-3	-1.06E-3
RWD	[kg]	4.26E-4	1.49E-6	4.77E-5	2.19E-7	1.01E-4	1.60E-4	4.85E-5	-7.93E-5	0.00E+0	-7.50E-4	-4.80E-5
CRU	[kg]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
MFR	[kg]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	2.47E-2	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	2.67E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
MER	[kg]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
EEE	[MJ]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	2.70E-1	0.00E+0	2.56E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
EET	[MJ]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	5.36E-1	0.00E+0	5.17E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed; CRU = Components Caption for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported electrical energy; EEE = Exported thermal energy

## References



#### EN 13501-1

DIN EN 13501-1:2019-05: Fire classification of construction products and building elements - Part 1: Classification using data from reaction to fire tests

#### EN 14041

DIN EN 14041: 2018-05: Resilient, textile and laminate floor coverings - Essential characteristics

#### EN 15804

EN 15804:2012-04+A1 2013/, Sustainability of construction works — Environmental Product Declarations — Core rules for the product category of construction products

#### EN 16354

EN 16354:2019-01: Laminate floor coverings - Underlays - Specification, requirements and test methods

#### EN 16810

DIN EN 16810: 2017-08: Resilient, textile and laminate floor coverings – Environmental product declarations – Product category rules

#### ISO 10874

DIN EN ISO 10874: 2012+A1:2021-04: Resilient, textile and laminate floor coverings - Classification

#### ISO 14025

DIN EN /ISO 14025:2011-10/, Environmental labels and declarations — Type III environmental declarations — Principles and procedures

#### ISO 14040

DIN EN ISO 14040:2006+A1:2020 Environmental management - Life cycle assessment - Principles and framework

## ISO 14044

DIN EN ISO 14044:2006+A1:2018+A2:2020 Environmental management - Life cycle assessment -Requirements and guidelines

#### ISO 15686

ISO 15686: Buildings and constructed assets -Service life planning

ISO 15686-1: 2011-05: Part 1: General principles and framework

ISO 15686-2: 2012-05: Part 2: Service life prediction procedures

ISO 15686-7: 2017-04: Part 7: Performance evaluation for feedback of service life data from practice

ISO 15686-8: 2008-06: Part 8: Reference service life and service-life estimation

## Regulation (EU) No. 305/2011

Regulation No. 305/2011 Construction Products Regulation (CPR) of the European Council and of the European Parliament, April 2011

#### **CML** characterization factors

Impact assessment characterization factors, version 4.7, August 2016, Institute of Environmental Sciences - 'Centrum voor Milieuwetenschappen in Leiden' (CML), Leiden, The Netherlands

#### **ECHA** candidate list

Candidate List of substances of very high concern (SVHCs) for authorisation, 19.01.2021, European Chemicals Agency (ECHA), Helsinki, Finland

#### ecoinvent 3.7

ecoinvent, Zurich, Switzerland, database version 3.7, published September 2020

## GaBi database 2021

GaBi Software-System and Database for Life Cycle Engineering, thinkstep AG, Leinfelden-Echterdingen, 2021-2

## **IBU 2021**

IBU (2021): General Programme Instructions for the Preparation of EPDs at the Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., Version 2.0 Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., Berlin. www.ibu-epd.de

#### **PCR Part A**

Product Category Rules for Construction Products from the range of Environmental Product Declarations. Part A: Calculation Rules for the Life Cycle Assessment and Requirements on the Background Report, V1.9, Berlin: Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU), January 2021

### **PCR Part B**

Product Category Rules for Construction Products from the range of Environmental Product Declarations of Institut Bauen und Umwelt (IBU),

Part B: Requirements on the EPD for floor coverings, V1.2, Berlin: Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU), February 2018

## **REACH**

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH). Last update: 27.02.2020 (Status: 27.06.2018)

#### VDZ e.V

Association of German Cement Works, Ed. Environmental Data of the German Cement Industry 2019

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